



Scripps National Spelling Bee Vocabulary List for First Graders 2016-2017

1.	fit	(verb)	to be correctly adjusted to or shaped for someone or something.
2.	mad	(adjective)	angry.
3.	bus	(noun)	a vehicle used for transporting children to or from school.
4.	dots	(plural noun)	small round marks made on a surface with a pointed instrument.
5.	spy	(verb)	to try to get information about a country or people without them knowing.
6.	job	(noun)	a specific required task, role or function.
7.	row	(noun)	a number of obj <mark>ects in a order</mark> ly series.
8.	tree	(noun)	a usually tall plant with one main woody stem and lots of branches and leaves.
9.	ship	(noun)	any large seagoing boat.
10.	name	(noun)	a specific word or phrase that is used to refer to a person or thing.
11.	ears	(plural noun)	the organs of hearing and balance in mammals.
12.	room	(noun)	a part of the inside of a building usually divided from other areas by walls.
13.	case	(noun)	a situation requiring investigation or action by the police or other agency.
14.	meal	(noun)	the food eaten at a particular time to satisfy hunger.
15.	rang	(verb)	sounded clearly and in a loud, echoing manner.
16.	tile	(noun)	a usually flat piece of hard clay, stone or other material used for roofs, floors or walls.
17.	lost	(adjective)	put in a place you don't remember.
18.	aim	(verb)	to point something at an object.
19.	nest	(noun)	the place a bird builds for laying eggs and caring for its young.
20.	tiny	(adjective)	very little.
21.	need	(verb)	to feel like you must have or do something.
22.	darts	(plural noun)	a game in which small pointed missiles are thrown at a bull's-eye on a target.
23.	straw	(noun)	a tube used for sucking up a drink.
24.	maybe	(adverb)	perhaps.
25.	cried	(verb)	expressed grief, pain or distress by producing tears from the eyes.
26.	shell	(noun)	a hard protective covering of an animal.
27.	wash	(verb)	to clean something with water or another liquid.
28.	chew	(verb)	to crush or grind food with teeth in preparation for swallowing.
29.	start	(verb)	to begin.
30.	first	(adjective)	being number one in a countable series.



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31.	picky	(adjective)	overly difficult to please (as in matters of taste).	
32.	claws	(plural noun)	a sharp, usually curved nail on the toe of an animal (as on a cat).	
33.	great	(adjective)	wonderful, admirable.	
34.	stage	(noun)	the raised flooring in a theater or auditorium where people put on performances.	
35.	open	(adjective)	not shut.	
36.	sadly	(adverb)	in an unhappy manner or way.	
37.	brush	(noun)	a tool with bristles set in a handle that is used for sweeping, scrubbing, painting and smoothing.	
38.	cross	(verb)	to go from one side of something to the other side.	
39.	hugged	(verb)	held within the arms.	
40.	trail	(noun)	a marked path through a forest or mountainous region.	
41.	butter	(noun)	an important food used especially as a spread on bread and in cooking.	
42.	sharp	(adjective)	tapering to a fine point.	
43.	digging	(verb)	turning up, loosening or removing soil or earth.	
44.	soap	(noun)	a cleansing agent that is used for washing something.	
45.	bones	(plural noun)	the hard parts of the skeleton of a vertebrate.	
46.	small	(adjective)	little.	
47.	center or	(noun)	middle area.	
40	centre	(noun)	fluid rock that comes out of a valcane or from an energing in the earth's surface	
48.	lava	(noun)	fluid rock that comes out of a volcano or from an opening in the earth's surface.	
49. 50.	monster bathtub	(noun) (noun)	a ferocious legendary animal usually of great size. a large container in which people wash or soak themselves.	
51.	ivy	(noun)	a climbing vine that clings to upright surfaces (such as walls).	
52.	nose	(noun)	the part of the face that sticks out and has the nostrils.	
53.	tusk	(noun)	a large, long tooth that sticks out of an animal's mouth.	
55. 54.	road	(noun)	a track for vehicles, people and animals to travel on.	
55.	oven	(noun)	a closed, heated device used for cooking. recent information.	
56.	news	(plural noun)		
57.	food	(noun)	parts of animals and plants that humans and animals eat.	
58.	rules	(plural noun)	a set of official codes of behavior that tell you what you can and cannot do in an activity (such as a sport).	
59.	braid	(verb)	to weave three or more strands (of hair) together into one or more lengths.	
60.	miles	(plural noun)	more than one of a unit of distance equal to 5280 feet.	
61.	folds	(verb)	reduces in size by laying one part over another part of.	
62.	pages	(plural noun)	leaves of a book or other printed item.	
63.	boring	(adjective)	causing a feeling of weariness or dissatisfaction : dull.	
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64.	corner	(noun)	the place where two streets or roads meet.	
65.	ferns	(plural noun)	nonflowering leafy plants that reproduce by spores instead of seeds.	
66.	elbow	(noun)	the joint between your upper arm and forearm.	
67.	taxi	(noun)	a car that carries a passenger between any two points (as within a city) in exchange for money.	
68.	stuck	(verb)	attached by or as if by gluing or plastering.	
69.	grain	(noun)	the seed of any cereal grass (as wheat, oats, rice, millet).	
70.	float	(verb)	to rest on or partly under the surface of a liquid.	
71.	awake	(adjective)	not asleep.	
72.	bird	(noun)	a warm-blooded, feathered animal that lays eggs and has wings instead of arms.	
73.	snack	(noun)	a small amount of food usually eaten between meals.	
74.	wear	(verb)	to use or have on your body.	
75.	mane	(noun)	the long and heavy hair growing about the neck of some mammals.	
76.	hardly	(adverb)	barely, scarcely.	
77.	shirts	(plural noun)	clothing for the upper body with sleeves and usually a collar and a front opening.	
78.	moody	(adjective)	unhappy and rudely grumpy.	
79.	lawn	(noun)	ground covered with grass that is kept closely mowed.	
80.	branch	(noun)	a stem growing from the trunk or from a limb of a tree.	
81.	pantry	(noun)	a closet next to a kitchen or dining room used for storing food.	
82.	sandbox	(noun)	a large container filled with a loose material for children to play in.	
83.	posters	(plural noun)	signs hung in public places that serve as decoration or consist of pictures.	
84.	spider	(noun)	an arachnid that has poison fangs and eight legs, and spins silk to make webs to catch prey.	
85.	coast	(noun)	the seashore or land near it.	
86.	bother	(verb)	to pester or disturb (someone).	
87.	mouse	(noun)	a small animal with a pointed snout, small ears and a thin tail.	
88.	swift	(adjective)	moving or able to move with great speed.	
89.	restless	(adjective)	not calm : fidgety, nervous.	
90.	parents	(plural noun)	fathers and mothers.	
91.	beehive	(noun)	a container for winged insects that feed on pollen and nectar and make honey.	
92.	shopping	(noun)	searching for, inspecting or buying available goods or services.	
93.	artwork	(noun)	a work of skill and taste that is designed to be beautiful.	
94.	chance	(noun)	opportunity.	
95.	lookout	(noun)	a person engaged in keeping watch.	
96.	stroller	(noun)	a four-wheel usually folding carriage designed as a chair in which a baby may be pushed.	





97.	anyone	(pronoun)	a person or some people.
98.	thumb	(noun)	the short, thick finger on your hand that can be placed opposite the other fingers.
99.	backdrop	(noun)	a cloth hung across the back of a stage that looks like a scenic background.
100.	fuddy-duddy	(noun)	a person who is old-fashioned or very traditional.





Scripps National Spelling Bee Vocabulary List for Second Graders 2016-2017

1.	ivy	(noun)	a climbing vine that clings to upright surfaces (such as walls).
2.	nose	(noun)	the part of the face that sticks out and has the nostrils.
3.	tusk	(noun)	a large, long tooth that sticks out of an animal's mouth.
4.	road	(noun)	a track for vehicles, people and animals to travel on.
5.	oven	(noun)	a closed, heated device used for cooking.
6.	news	(plural noun)	recent information.
7.	food	(noun)	parts of animals and plants that humans and animals eat.
8.	rules	(plural noun)	a set of official codes of behavior that tell you what you can and cannot do in an activity (such as a sport).
9.	braid	(verb)	to weave three or more strands (of hair) together in <mark>to one or more</mark> lengths.
10.	miles	(plural noun)	more than one of a unit of distance equal to 5280 feet.
11.	folds	(verb)	reduces in size by laying one part over another part of.
12.	pages	(plural noun)	leaves of a book or other printed item.
13.	boring	(adjective)	causing a feeling of weariness or dissatisfaction : dull.
14.	corner	(noun)	the place where two streets or roads meet.
15.	ferns	(plural noun)	nonflowering leafy plants that reproduce by spores instead of seeds.
16.	elbow	(noun)	the joint between your upper arm and forearm.
17.	taxi	(noun)	a car that carries a passenger between any two points (as within a city) in exchange for money.
18.	stuck	(verb)	attached by or as if by gluing or plastering.
19.	grain	(noun)	the seed of any cereal grass (as wheat, oats, rice, millet).
20.	float	(verb)	to rest on or partly under the surface of a liquid.
21.	awake	(adjective)	not asleep.
22.	bird	(noun)	a warm-blooded, feathered animal that lays eggs and has wings instead of arms.
23.	snack	(noun)	a small amount of food usually eaten between meals.
24.	wear	(verb)	to use or have on your body.
25.	mane	(noun)	the long and heavy hair growing about the neck of some mammals.
26.	hardly	(adverb)	barely, scarcely.
27.	shirts	(plural noun)	clothing for the upper body with sleeves and usually a collar and a front opening.
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30.	branch	(noun)	a stem growing from the trunk or from a limb of a tree.	
31.	pantry	(noun)	a closet next to a kitchen or dining room used for storing food.	
32.	sandbox	(noun)	a large container filled with a loose material for children to play in.	
33.	posters	(plural noun)	signs hung in public places that serve as decoration or consist of pictures.	
34.	spider	(noun)	an arachnid that has poison fangs and eight legs, and spins silk to make webs to catch prey.	
35.	coast	(noun)	the seashore or land near it.	
36.	bother	(verb)	to pester or disturb (someone).	
37.	mouse	(noun)	a small animal with a pointed snout, small ears and a thin tail.	
38.	swift	(adjective)	moving or able to move with great speed.	
39.	restless	(adjective)	not calm : fidgety, nervous.	
40.	parents	(plural noun)	fathers and mothers.	
41.	beehive	(noun)	a container for winged insects that feed on pollen and nectar and make honey.	
42.	shopping	(noun)	searching for, inspecting or buying available goods or services.	
43.	artwork	(noun)	a work of skill and taste that is designed to be beautiful.	
44.	chance	(noun)	opportunity.	
45.	lookout	(noun)	a person engaged in keeping watch.	
46.	stroller	(noun)	a four-wheel usually folding carriage designed as a chair in which a baby may be pushed.	
47.	anyone	(pronoun)	a person or some people.	
48.	thumb	(noun)	the short, thick finger on your hand that can be placed opposite the other fingers.	
49.	backdrop	(noun)	a cloth hung across the back of a stage that looks like a scenic background.	
50.	fuddy-duddy	(noun)	a person who is old-fashioned or very traditional.	
51.	paint	(noun)	a mixture of color and a liquid that form a thin coating when applied to a surface.	
52.	soul	(noun)	human being.	
53.	banana	(noun)	a long curved fruit that is yellow when ripe.	
54.	frown	(noun)	scowl.	
55.	temper	(noun)	calmness of mind.	
56.	burst	(verb)	exploded.	
57.	hungry	(adjective)	needing or craving food.	
58.	riddle	(noun)	a puzzling question to be guessed at.	
59.	porch	(noun)	a covered entrance to a building.	
60.	silver	(noun)	a white metallic element used to make coins, silverware, jewelry and other items.	
61.	untidy	(adjective)	not neat in appearance : careless.	
62.	curved	(verb)	took a turn or changed direction from a straight line.	
63.	leaky	(adjective)	allowing a liquid to enter or escape through a hole.	





64.	interact	(verb)	to have an effect on one another.
65.	sturdy	(adjective)	durable : solid.
66.	chatter	(noun)	useless talk.
67.	bakery	(noun)	a store that sells bread, cakes, pastries and other edible goods.
68.	darkest	(adjective)	having the least light.
69.	feast	(noun)	an elaborate meal.
70.	dollars	(plural noun)	notes representing the unit of money used in the United States.
71.	might	(verb)	- used with a main verb to express that something is possible or could happen.
72.	subject	(noun)	an area of knowledge or study taught at school.
73.	dishes	(plural noun)	shallow containers used for serving food.
74.	partly	(adverb)	not completely.
75.	forward	(adverb)	to or toward what is before or in front.
76.	strange	(adjective)	unusual.
77.	hitched	(verb)	attached with a hook or knot.
78.	rather	(adverb)	preferably.
79.	puzzles	(plural noun)	questions, problems or toys designed to test cleverness.
80.	sign	(noun)	a board on a building that tells the name and type of a business.
81.	pebbles	(plural noun)	small round stones.
82.	married	(adjective)	wedded.
83.	chamber	(noun)	a private room : bedroom.
84.	flicker	(verb)	to burn in spurts.
85.	onion	(noun)	an edible plant with a sharp smell and taste that is used as a vegetable.
86.	arcade	(noun)	a place where you can play coin-operated games.
87.	London	(geographical	a city in southeastern England that is the capital of the United Kingdom.
00		entry)	the sound development of the second state of t
88.	pounce		to suddenly grab for something.
89.	shrill	(adjective)	piercing.
90.	mayor	(noun)	the primary public official of a city.
91.	farewell	(noun)	a good-bye.
92.	young	(adjective)	in an early stage of life, growth or development.
93.	supplies	(plural noun)	items available for use.
94.	beginning	(noun)	the first part.
95.	vacation	(noun)	a time spent away from home or work to travel and relax.
96. 97.	skateboard poem	(noun) (noun)	a short piece of wood with small wheels used for riding on and perform tricks. writing in verse.





98.	snoozing	(verb)	sleeping briefly during the day.
99.	lotion	(noun)	a liquid used to soften the skin.
100.	prevented	(verb)	kept from happening due to previous caution.





Scripps National Spelling Bee Vocabulary List for Third Graders 2016-2017

1.	paint	(noun)	a mixture of color and a liquid that form a th <mark>in coating wh</mark> en applied to a surface.
2.	soul	(noun)	human being.
3.	banana	(noun)	a long curved fruit that is yellow when ripe.
4.	frown	(noun)	scowl.
5.	temper	(noun)	calmness of mind.
6.	burst	(verb)	exploded.
7.	hungry	(adjective)	needing or craving food.
8.	riddle	(noun)	a puzzling question to be guessed at.
9.	porch	(noun)	a covered entrance to a building.
10.	silver	(noun)	a white metallic element used to make coins, silve <mark>rware, jewelr</mark> y and other items.
11.	untidy	(adjective)	not neat in appearance : careless.
12.	curved	(verb)	took a turn or changed direction from a straight line.
13.	leaky	(adjective)	allowing a liquid to enter or escape through a hole.
14.	interact	(verb)	to have an effect on one another.
15.	sturdy	(adjective)	durable : solid.
16.	chatter	(noun)	useless talk.
17.	bakery	(noun)	a store that sells bread, cakes, pastries and other edible goods.
18.	darkest	(adjective)	having the least light.
19.	feast	(noun)	an elaborate meal.
20.	dollars	(plural noun)	notes representing the unit of money used in the United States.
21.	might	(verb)	- used with a main verb to express that something is possible or could happen.
22.	subject	(noun)	an area of knowledge or study taught at school.
23.	dishes	(plural noun)	shallow containers used for serving food.
24.	partly	(adverb)	not completely.
25.	forward	(adverb)	to or toward what is before or in front.
26.	strange	(adjective)	unusual.
27.	hitched	(verb)	attached with a hook or knot.
28.	rather	(adverb)	preferably.
29.	puzzles	(plural noun)	questions, problems or toys designed to test cleverness.
30.	sign	(noun)	a board on a building that tells the name and type of a business.



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31.	pebbles	(plural noun)	small round stones.
32.	married	<i>(adjective)</i>	wedded.
33.	chamber	(noun)	a private room : bedroom.
34.	flicker	(verb)	to burn in spurts.
35.	onion	(noun)	an edible plant with a sharp smell and taste that is used as a vegetable.
36.	arcade	(noun)	a place where you can play coin-operated games.
37.	London	(geographical entry)	a city in southeastern England that is the capital of the United Kingdom.
38.	pounce	(verb)	to suddenly grab for something.
39.	shrill	(adjective)	piercing.
40.	mayor	(noun)	the primary public official of a city.
41.	farewell	(noun)	a good-bye.
42.	young	(adjective)	in an early stage of life, growth or development.
43.	supplies	(plural noun)	items available for use.
44.	beginning	(noun)	the first part.
45.	vacation	(noun)	a time spent away from home or work to travel and relax.
46.	skateboard	(noun)	a short piece of wood with small wheels used for riding on and perform tricks.
47.	poem	(noun)	writing in verse.
48.	snoozing	(verb)	sleeping briefly during the day.
49.	lotion	(noun)	a liquid used to soften the skin.
50.	prevented	(verb)	kept from happening due to previous caution.
51.	smirk	(verb)	to smile in a false way or as if pleased with yourself.
52.	destiny	(noun)	fate.
53.	monkeys	(plural noun)	primates that are smaller than apes and have longer tails.
54.	studio	(noun)	a place to study various performing arts such as dancing, singing or acting.
55.	nifty	(adjective)	handy.
56.	janitor	(noun)	someone who keeps an apartment, office or other building clean and who makes minor repairs.
57.	pottery	(noun)	an article made of fired clay.
58.	wonderful	(adjective)	unusually good, interesting, amusing or lovely.
59.	square	(noun)	a rectangle with all four sides equal.
60.	belief	(noun)	when trust or confidence is placed in a person or thing.
61.	contract	(noun)	an agreement between two or more people to do or not to do something.
62.	anteater	(noun)	a mammal that has a long narrow snout, long sticky tongue and usually no teeth
		<i></i>	and that feeds entirely on insects.
63.	pouring	(verb)	causing or allowing something to flow in a steady stream.
64.	lantern	(noun)	a portable lamp.
65.	subtracting	(verb)	taking away an amount from a total.
66.	portable	(adjective)	light enough to be carried.





67.	twine	(noun)	a strong string made by twisting two or more strands together.
68.	estate	(noun)	the sum of all property and debts that someone leaves behind when they die.
69.	umbrella	(noun)	a small portable covering that provides protection against the weather.
70.	timidly	(adverb)	in a way that is not brave or courageous.
71.	observe	(verb)	obey.
72.	trance	(noun)	daze.
73.	elderly	(adjective)	advanced in years.
74.	liquid	(noun)	an extremely fluid substance that flows freely like water.
75.	deadline	(noun)	a date or time before which something must be done.
76.	country	(noun)	a political state or nation.
77.	flexible	(adjective)	bending easily without breaking.
78.	promote	(verb)	to move forward in station, rank or honor.
79.	massive	(adjective)	weighty : heavy.
80.	bronze	(noun)	a substance made of copper and tin mixed together and that is used to make industrial items, art and bells.
81.	climbed	(verb)	used your hands to raise yourself upwards.
82.	teaspoon	(noun)	a small tool consisting of an oval or round shallow bowl with a handle and used
			for stirring a drink and as a unit of measure.
83.	balance	(noun)	stability as a result of equally spreading your weight.
84.	knitting	(verb)	making something (such as clothing) from yarn either by hand using long needles or with a machine.
85.	merely	(adverb)	barely, only, simply.
86.	furnish	(verb)	to add necessary and decorative items to a room.
87.	passage	(noun)	a brief section of a written work or speech that is mentioned by itself as noteworthy or relevant.
88.	complaints	(plural noun)	expressions of unfairness.
89.	thunderbolt	(noun)	a flash of lightning along with a loud, distant rolling sound.
90.	nonsense	(noun)	words or language that have no meaning.
91.	mansion	(noun)	a home that is impressive due to its size.
92.	laundry	(noun)	a group of clothes or household linens to be washed.
93.	available	(adjective)	free and able to do something at a particular time
94.	lodging	(noun)	a temporary place to stay.
95.	portions	(plural noun)	parts of a whole.
96.	gallant	(adjective)	brave, dashing and chivalrous.
97.	veins	(plural noun)	tubes that carry blood from different parts of your body to your heart.
98.	mountain	(noun)	a high landmass rising to form several peaks.
99.	whistling	(verb)	making clear sounds by blowing air through pursed lips.
100.	voyage	(noun)	a journey by water : cruise.





Scripps National Spelling Bee Vocabulary List for Fourth Graders 2016-2017

1.	smirk	(verb)	to smile in a false way or as if pleased with yourself.
2.	destiny	(noun)	fate.
3.	monkeys	(plural noun)	primates that are smaller than apes and have longer tails.
4.	studio	(noun)	a place to study various performing arts such as dancing, singing or acting.
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14.	lantern	(noun)	a portable lamp.
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16.	portable	(adjective)	light enough to be carried.
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33.	balance	(noun)	stability as a result of equally spreading your weight.
34.	knitting	(verb)	making something (such as clothing) from yarn either by hand using long needles or with a machine.
35.	merely	(adverb)	barely, only, simply.
36.	furnish	(verb)	to add necessary and decorative items to a room.
37.	passage	(noun)	a brief section of a written work or speech that is mentioned by itself as noteworthy or relevant.
38.	complaints	(plural noun)	expressions of unfairness.
39.	thunderbolt	(noun)	a flash of lightning along with a loud, distant rolling sound.
40.	nonsense	(noun)	words or language that have no meaning.
41.	mansion	(noun)	a home that is impressive due to its size.
42.	laundry	(noun)	a group of clothes or household linens to be washed.
43.	available	(adjective)	free and able to do something at a particular time
44.	lodging	(noun)	a temporary place to stay.
45.	portions	(plural noun)	parts of a whole.
46.	gallant	(adjective)	brave, dashing and chivalrous.
47.	veins	(plural noun)	tubes that carry blood from different parts of your body to your heart.
48.	mountain	(noun)	a high landmass rising to form several peaks.
49.	whistling	(verb)	making clear sounds by blowing air through pursed lips.
50.	voyage	(noun)	a journey by water : cruise.
51.	hooves	(plural noun)	curved, hard coverings that protect the feet of an animal (such as a horse or goat).
52.	funnel	(noun)	a tool shaped like a hollow cone with a tube extending from the point that is used to direct the flow of liquid.
53.	gravely	(adverb)	seriously.
54.	hiccups <i>or</i> hiccoughs	(plural noun)	sounds in your throat caused by sudden, involuntary movements of your chest muscles.
55.	performance	(noun)	a public presentation (as of a dramatic work).
56.	specific	(adjective)	falling into a precisely stated category.
57.	dowdy	(adjective)	old-fashioned : out of date.
58.	indicate	(verb)	to point at.
59.	clause	(noun)	a group of words in a sentence that has its own subject and verb.





60.	failure	(noun)	lack of success.
61.	biology	(noun)	the science of life.
62.	hangar	(noun)	a covered and usually enclosed area or a large shed for housing and repairing aircraft (as airplanes).
63.	quality	(noun)	a special or distinguishing attribute : characteristic.
64.	saucepan	(noun)	a deep cooking utensil with a long handle used for stewing or boiling.
65.	invisible	(adjective)	out of sight : hidden.
66.	classical	(adjective)	relating to music other than popular music or music for entertainment.
67.	blurred	(adjective)	characterized by dimness, indistinctness or obscurity.
68.	contestants	(plural noun)	persons that participate in a competition.
69.	farfetched	(adjective)	not easily or naturally reached by logic or reason.
70.	bemused	(adjective)	having or showing feelings of wry entertainment especially from something that is surprising or perplexing.
71.	clients	(plural noun)	patrons, customers.
72.	tightrope	(noun)	a tightly stretched cord or wire on which acrobats perform.
73.	innocent	(adjective)	free from legal guilt or responsibility for wrongdoing or failure.
74.	dignified	(adjective)	showing or expressing formality, seriousness and self-confidence in appearance, manner or language.
75.	priority	(noun)	something that is more important than other things and needs to be done or dealt with first.
76.	delicate	(adjective)	easily damaged, broken or hurt.
77.	applause	(noun)	approval publicly expressed (as by clapping hands).
78.	bargain	(noun)	something whose value to the purchaser is greater than its cost.
79.	fortune	(noun)	good luck : success.
80.	vocabulary	(noun)	the whole amount of words used by a language, group or individual.
81.	caterpillar	(noun)	the larva of a butterfly or moth that is long and looks like a worm with legs.
82.	wistfully	(adverb)	in a thoughtfully sad or mournful manner.
83.	annual	(adjective)	occurring, appearing, made or done every year or once a year.
84.	beckon	(verb)	to appear inviting : attract.
85.	creation	(noun)	an original work of art or of the imagination.
86.	dumbwaiter	(noun)	a small elevator used for carrying food and dishes or small goods from one floor of a building to another.
87.	unbearable	(adjective)	not able to be endured.
88.	cupboard	(noun)	a closet with shelves to receive cups, dishes or food.
89.	dimension	(noun)	measurement in a single line (as length, height or width).
90.	initials	(plural noun)	the first letters of each word in a person's name.
91.	daunted	(verb)	made (someone) afraid : intimidated.





92.	settee	(noun)	a medium-sized sofa with arms and a back.
93.	digestive	(adjective)	relating to the action or process of converting (food) into a form that can be absorbed.
94.	lounge	(verb)	to stand, sit or recline lazily : loaf.
95.	marooned	(verb)	put ashore on a desolate island or coast and left to one's fate.
96.	poisonous	(adjective)	having the qualities or effects of a substance that in the right amounts can harm or kill a living thing.
97.	vinegar	(noun)	a sour liquid used as a condiment or a preservative and is often seasoned especially with herbs.
98.	moisture	(noun)	a small amount of liquid dispersed in air and appearing as fog or condensed as dew on a cool surface.
99.	terrier	(noun)	a type of small dog now mainly kept as a pet but originally used for hunting.
100.	gymnastics	(plural noun)	systematic physical exercises along with performance on apparatus (as rings or bars) that are designed to promote strength, flexibility, agility, coordination and body control.





Scripps National Spelling Bee Vocabulary List for Fifth Graders 2016-2017

1.	hooves	(plural noun)	curved, hard coverings that protect the feet of an animal (such as a horse or goat).
2.	funnel	(noun)	a tool shaped like a hollow cone with a tube extending from the point that is used to direct the flow of liquid.
3.	gravely	(adverb)	seriously.
4.	hiccups <i>or</i> hiccoughs	(plural noun)	sounds in your throat caused by sudden, involuntary movements of your chest muscles.
5.	performance	(noun)	a public pr <mark>esentation (as of a dramatic work).</mark>
6.	specific	(adjective)	falling into a precisely stated category.
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49.	terrier	(noun)	a type of small dog now mainly kept as a pet but originally used for hunting.
50.	gymnastics	(plural noun)	systematic physical exercises along with performance on apparatus (as rings or bars) that are designed to promote strength, flexibility, agility, coordination and body control.
51.	vertical	(adjective)	perpendicular to the plane of the horizon or to a primary axis : upright.
52.	inlet	(noun)	a narrow strip of water running into the land or between islands.
53.	botany	(noun)	the branch of science dealing with plants.
54.	linen	(noun)	a strong cloth made of flax noted for its strength and coolness but that wrinkles easily.
55.	esteem	(noun)	approval and respect often blended with great liking because of worthy qualities





56.	mildew	(noun)	a whitish growth produced on organic matter and on plants by fungi.
57.	gourd	(noun)	a fruit that is hard-shelled, inedible and used often for decoration, and that comes from a vine.
58.	pitiful	(adjective)	deserving or giving rise to compassion.
59.	concise	(adjective)	expressed using few words and without unnecessary detail.
60.	perimeter	(noun)	the sum of the lengths of the line segments forming a polygon.
61.	thicket	(noun)	a dense growth of shrubbery or small trees.
62.	naturalist	(noun)	someone who studies the physical world and everything in it, such as plants and animals.
63.	quashed	(verb)	put an end to.
64.	microscope	(noun)	an instrument used for looking at very small objects so that they appear larger.
65.	cathedral	(noun)	a church that was once a bishop's church.
66.	diligent	(adjective)	characterized by steady, earnest, attentive and energetic effort.
67.	auction	(noun)	a public sale of property to the person who pays the most.
68.	sediment	(noun)	material or a mass of material deposited (as by water, wind or glaciers).
69.	fervently	(adverb)	in a manner characterized by often deep intensity of feeling or expression.
70.	bushel	(noun)	a unit of dry measure used in the U.S.
71.	clodhopper	(noun)	a large heavy shoe.
72.	unappealing	(adjective)	lacking interest or charm : plain.
73.	dandruff	(noun)	small white flakes that form on and shed from skin, especially the scalp.
74.	pensive	(adjective)	absorbed or engrossed in or given to sober thoughtfulness.
75.	gnarled	(adjective)	warped or twisted with or as if with knots.
76.	peculiar	(adjective)	distinctive.
77.	cutlery	(noun)	tools used to cut, serve and eat food.
78.	equestrian	(adjective)	of, relating to or featuring horseback riding.
79.	oblivious	(adjective)	unaware.
80.	spatula	(noun)	a flat thin dull-edged tool used for spreading or mixing soft substances, scooping, or lifting.
81.	tuition	(noun)	the price of or payment for instruction.
82.	bedraggled	(adjective)	left wet and limp by or as if by rain.
83.	paisley	(adjective)	woven or printed with an elaborate design of curved abstract figures.
84.	orchestra	(noun)	a large group of players of musical instruments including typically strings, woodwinds, brasses, and percussion organized for performing one of the larger forms of concert music.
85.	satchel	(noun)	a small bag usually of leather or canvas with a flat bottom and a shoulder strap.
86.	herring	(noun)	a food fish that is often eaten smoked or salted, or preserved as sardines.
87.	coronet	(noun)	a small crown.





88.	precursor	(noun)	a forerunner.
89.	infuriating	(adjective)	enraging, maddening.
90.	suet	(noun)	the hard fat about the kidneys and loins in beef and mutton that when melted forms tallow.
91.	forfeit	(verb)	to lose the right to something because of an error, fault, offense or crime.
92.	partridge	(noun)	a medium-sized, short-winged game bird with short legs and neck.
93.	arduous	(adjective)	difficult.
94.	mastiff	(noun)	a very large powerful dog used chiefly as a watchdog and guard dog.
95.	pauper	(noun)	a very poor person.
96.	armadillo	(noun)	a burrowing nocturnal mammal with a bony shell shielding its head and body.
97.	reggae	(noun)	popular music of Jamaican origin that combines indigenous styles with elements of rock and soul music.
98.	marionette	(noun)	a puppet moved by strings or by hand.
99.	algae	(plural noun)	any of various single- and many-celled usually aquatic plant or plantlike organisms that are mostly photosynthetic.
100.	tortoise	(noun)	a turtle — used especially of land-dwelling turtles.





Scripps National Spelling Bee Vocabulary List for Sixth Graders 2016-2017

1.	vertical	(adjective)	perpendicular to the plane of the horizon or to a primary axis : upright.
2.	inlet	(noun)	a narrow strip of water running into the land or between islands.
3.	botany	(noun)	the branch of science dealing with plants.
4.	linen	(noun)	a strong cloth made of flax noted for its strength and coolness but that wrinkles easily.
5.	esteem	(noun)	approval and respect often blended with great liking because of worthy qualities.
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11.	thicket	(noun)	a dense growth of shrubbery or small trees.
12.	naturalist	(noun)	someone who studies the physical world and everything in it, such as plants and animals.
13.	quashed	(verb)	put an end to.
14.	microscope	(noun)	an instrument used for looking at very small objects so that they appear larger.
15.	cathedral	(noun)	a church that was once a bishop's church.
16.	diligent	(adjective)	characterized by steady, earnest, attentive and energetic effort.
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18.	sediment	(noun)	material or a mass of material deposited (as by water, wind or glaciers).
19.	fervently	(adverb)	in a manner characterized by often deep intensity of feeling or expression.
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43.	arduous	(adjective)	difficult.
44.	mastiff	(noun)	a very large powerful dog used chiefly as a watchdog and guard dog.
45.	pauper	(noun)	a very poor person.
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49.	algae	(plural noun)	any of various single- and many-celled usually aquatic plant or plantlike organisms that are mostly photosynthetic.
50.	tortoise	(noun)	a turtle — used especially of land-dwelling turtles.
51.	varsity	(noun)	the main team representing a school or club in a sport or other competition.
52.	antidote	(noun)	something that stops the effects of poison.
53.	emperor	(noun)	the sovereign or supreme monarch of an extended territory.
54.	mystic	(noun)	a follower of a spiritual way of life.





55.	resonate	(verb)	to echo again or repeat.
56.	zodiac	(noun)	a figure representing the signs and the symbols of 12 constellations that combine
			to form an imaginary belt in space.
57.	ravine	(noun)	a small narrow steep-sided valley that is usually worn down by
			running water : gorge, gulch.
58.	hovel	(noun)	a small shabby house or hut.
59.	sentries	(plural noun)	soldiers standing guard.
60.	rendition	(noun)	interpretation : performance.
61.	nonviolent	(adjective)	not done with the use of physical force : peaceful.
62.	enchantment	(noun)	the act or action of charming or bewitching.
63.	perilous	(adjective)	full of or involving danger.
64.	servitude	(noun)	the condition of subjecting to slavery or something like slavery.
65.	derelict	(adjective)	forgotten, run-down.
66.	charismatic	(adjective)	possessing a special magnetic charm or appeal.
67.	heredity	(noun)	qualities and traits someone gets from ancestors.
68.	prosthetic	(adjective)	of or relating to an artificial device to replace a missing part of the body.
69.	treatise	(noun)	a piece of writing that provides a thorough and careful discussion or argument about a subject.
70.	avian	(adjective)	of, relating to or characteristic of birds.
71.	indifference	(noun)	an attitude that something does not matter one way or another.
72.	epithets	(plural noun)	words or phrases meant as insults.
73.	compatriots	(plural noun)	close associates or colleagues.
74.	petrifying	(verb)	turning organic matter into stone or a stony substance.
75.	tremendous	(adjective)	astonishing due to extreme size, power, greatness or excellence.
76.	engineering	(noun)	the science that applies the properties of matter and energy to create machines
			and structures.
77.	alliance	(noun)	a union made in order to work toward common goals or interests.
78.	discreetly	(adverb)	in a tactful manner.
79.	enumerated	(verb)	listed one after another.
80.	feckless	(adjective)	impractical and lazy or lacking ambition.
81.	implacable	(adjective)	not capable of being calmed or soothed.
82.	opinionated	(adjective)	firmly sticking to one's own view or belief : obstinate.
83.	javelin	(noun)	a long spear used in a sport in which people see how far they can throw it.
84.	lyre	(noun)	a stringed musical instrument used by the ancient Greeks.
85.	artillery	(noun)	the missiles fired by the weapons of war.
86.	stratagems	(plural noun)	clever tricks used to deceive or outsmart an enemy.





87.	austere	(adjective)	plainly simple and without decoration.
88.	venerable	(adjective)	deserving of respect due to age, character and accomplishments.
89.	lcarus	(noun)	a figure in Greek mythology who flies away from imprisonment using artificial wings but falls when he flies too close to the sun, melting the wax of his wings.
90.	oracle	(noun)	a person of great authority or wisdom whose opinions or judgments are regarded with great respect.
91.	antiquated	(adjective)	no longer used or popular due to being very old : obsolete.
92.	pearlescent	(adjective)	having the appearance of mother-of-pearl.
93.	bestial	(adjective)	of or relating to an animal.
94.	tenaciously	(adverb)	in a very determined manner : persistently.
95.	cavalcade	(noun)	a procession of riders or carriages.
96.	burglarious	(adjective)	of or suitable for the use of one who breaks into a building illegally especially with intent to steal.
97.	scrumptiously	(adverb)	in a delightful or excellent manner.
98.	boulevards	(plural noun)	broad streets; especially: ones that are more showy than an ordinary street with trees along the center or sides.
99.	laburnums	(plural noun)	plants of a small genus of poisonous shrubs and trees with bright yellow flowers.
100.	thaumaturge	(noun)	a person who performs miracles : a magician.





Scripps National Spelling Bee Vocabulary List for Seventh Graders 2016-2017

1.	varsity	(noun)	the main team representing a school or club in a sport or other competition.
2.	antidote	(noun)	something that stops the effects of poison.
3.	emperor	(noun)	the sovereign or supreme monarch of an extended territory.
4.	mystic	(noun)	a follower of a spiritual way of life.
5.	resonate	(verb)	to echo again or repeat.
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39.	lcarus	(noun)	a figure in Greek mythology who flies away from imprisonment using artificial wings but falls when he flies too close to the sun, melting the wax of his wings.
40.	oracle	(noun)	a person of great authority or wisdom whose opinions or judgments are regarded with great respect.
41.	antiquated	(adjective)	no longer used or popular due to being very old : obsolete.
42.	pearlescent	(adjective)	having the appearance of mother-of-pearl.
43.	bestial	(adjective)	of or relating to an animal.
44.	tenaciously	(adverb)	in a very determined manner : persistently.
45.	cavalcade	(noun)	a procession of riders or carriages.
46.	burglarious	(adjective)	of or suitable for the use of one who breaks into a building illegally especially with intent to steal.
47.	scrumptiously	(adverb)	in a delightful or excellent manner.
48.	boulevards	(plural noun)	broad streets; especially: ones that are more showy than an ordinary street with trees along the center or sides.
49.	laburnums	(plural noun)	plants of a small genus of poisonous shrubs and trees with bright yellow flowers.
50.	thaumaturge	(noun)	a person who performs miracles : a magician.
51.	marvelous <i>or</i> marvellous	(adjective)	notably superior : excellent.
52.	vulpine	(adjective)	marked by slyness or predatoriness : crafty.
53.	catastrophic	(adjective)	of, relating to, resembling or resulting in disaster.
54.	quandary	(noun)	a state of perplexity or doubt : dilemma.
55.	Honolulu	(geographical entry)	the most populous city, port and capital of Hawaii.
56.	uranium	(noun)	a silvery, heavy radioactive metallic element that is used primarily in atomic energy programs.
57.	collision	(noun)	the action or an instance of two or more things striking forcefully together typically by accident.





58.	alpinist	(noun)	a mountain climber specializing in high difficult climbs.
59.	mahogany	(noun)	the durable yellowish brown to reddish brown wood of a West Indian tree that is widely
			used for cabinetwork and fine finish work.
60.	neutron	(noun)	an elementary particle that has no electrical charge and that has a mass nearly
61	inculin	(noun)	equal to that of the proton.
61.	insulin	(noun)	a protein pancreatic hormone that is essential especially for the metabolism of carbohydrates and which is used in the treatment and control of diabetes.
62.	allegiance	(noun)	devotion or loyalty especially to a person, group or cause.
63.	Dantean	(adjective)	of, relating to or characteristic of the Italian poet Dante or his writings.
64.	perpetrator	(noun)	one that commits an offense or crime.
65.	avalanche	(noun)	a large mass of snow, ice, dirt, rock or other material sliding swiftly down a
			mountainside.
66.	bedlam	(noun)	a place or scene of wild mad uproar.
67.	Mylar	(trademark)	 used for a polyester film.
68.	exquisite	(adjective)	marked by flawless craftsmanship or by beautiful, delicate or elaborate
60	assailant	(noun)	execution. one who attacks with violence.
69.		(noun)	
70.	functionary	(noun)	one holding a paid position or office in a government or party : civil servant.
71.	inadvertent	(adjective)	unintentional.
72.	Mandarin	(noun)	the main dialect of Chinese spoken in China.
73.	physicists	(plural noun)	specialists in the science of matter and energy and their interactions.
74.	Einstein	(noun)	a mathematical genius.
75.	tremulous	(adjective)	quivering : shaking.
76.	aperture	(noun)	the opening in a photographic lens that admits the light passing through.
77.	prodigious	(adjective)	enormous, immense.
78.	Stilton	(noun)	a blue-veined cheese with wrinkled rind made of whole cows' milk enriched with
			cream and usually aged two years.
79.	unscrupulous	(adjective)	lacking or exhibiting a lack of moral principles.
80.	concussion	(noun)	a jarring injury of the brain resulting in disturbance of cerebral function and sometimes
			marked by permanent damage.
81.	legitimately	(adverb)	according to law or rules.
82.	vagabonds	(plural noun)	individuals who wander about from place to place.
83.	affectionately	(adverb)	in a loving or fond manner.
84.	habanero	(noun)	a very hot roundish chili pepper that is usually orange when mature.
85.	overweening	(adjective)	excessive, exaggerated, unrestrained.
86.	vengeance	(noun)	infliction of punishment in return for an injury or offense.
87.	gladiatorial	(adjective)	of, relating to or suggestive of persons in ancient Rome who fought against other people or wild animals for the entertainment of the public.





88.	semaphore	(noun)	a system of visual signaling (as between ships) in which the sender holds a flag in each hand and moves his or her arms to different positions according to a code alphabet.
89.	inconceivable	(adjective)	falling outside the limit of what can be comprehended, accepted as true or tolerated.
90.	pilgrimages	(plural noun)	trips taken to visit a place of historic or sentimental interest or to participate in a specific event or for a definite purpose.
91.	Holocaust	(noun)	the mass slaughter of European civilians and especially Jews by the Nazis during World War II.
92.	nuisance	(noun)	something that is disagreeable or troublesome : an annoyance.
93.	enervating	(verb)	lessening the nerve, vitality or strength of.
94.	sanctum sanctorum	(noun)	a study, office or place of retreat where one is free from intrusion.
95.	undulating	(adjective)	rising and falling in waves : fluctuating.
96.	Jacobean	(adjective)	of or relating to James I of England, his reign or his times.
97.	hypotenuse	(noun)	the side of a right-angled triangle that is opposite the right angle.
98.	machete	(noun)	a large, heavy knife usually made with a blade often two or three feet in length.
99.	silhouetted	(verb)	projected upon a background like an outline of a person or thing.
100.	conflagration	(noun)	a large disastrous fire involving many buildings.





Scripps National Spelling Bee Vocabulary List for Eighth Graders 2016-2017

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50.	conflagration	(noun)	a large disastrous fire involving many buildings.
51.	churlish	(adjective)	rude.
52.	mandrill	(noun)	a large, fierce baboon of western Africa with the male having blue ridges on each side of the red-bridged nose.
53.	ascetic	(adjective)	self-denying : austere.
54.	pugnacious	(adjective)	having an assertive, hostile or combative nature : aggressive.
55.	gesticulations	(plural noun)	expressive motions of the body or limbs.
56.	interminableness	(noun)	the state or quality of having no end or being drawn out to the point of boredom.
57.	potentialities	(plural noun)	things that have a possibility for changing or developing into a state of reality.
58.	decrepitude	(noun)	a state of decay or ruin.
59.	promulgate	(verb)	to make widely known through speech or writing : announce.
60.	constabulary	(noun)	a body of police officers (as of a particular town, district, country).
61.	recusant	(adjective)	refusing to submit to authority.
62.	Patagonia	(geographical entry)	a region of South America in southern Argentina and southern Chile that is a barren, broad, level, elevated area between the Andes Mountains and the Atlantic Ocean.
63.	syncope	(noun)	loss of consciousness resulting from arrest of the blood supply to the brain : faint.
64.	pirouetted	(verb)	performed a full turn on the toe or ball of one foot in ballet.
65.	crustaceans	(plural noun)	animals belonging to a large class of invertebrates comprising the majority of the marine or freshwater arthropods (as lobsters, shrimps, crabs and barnacles) and some terrestrial forms (as the wood lice).
66.	eucalyptus	(noun)	an evergreen tree or shrub mostly native to western Australia that provides wood, oil and other products.
67.	moiety	(noun)	one of the portions into which something is divided : component, part.
68.	remonstrance	(noun)	an act or instance of saying or pleading in protest or opposition.
69.	prestidigitation	(noun)	the practice of magic or trickery usually involving manual dexterity.
70.	tetanus	(noun)	an acute infectious disease characterized by prolonged spasms of voluntary muscles and especially of the jaw muscles.
71.	Cotswold	(noun)	a sheep of an English breed of large long-wooled sheep.
72.	pertinacity	(noun)	the quality or state of being stubbornly unshakable.
73.	cayenne	(noun)	a very hot powder made by drying and grinding the whole fruits or the seeds of several hot peppers.
74.	Lilliput	(adjective)	extremely small.
75.	patronymic	(noun)	a name derived from that of the father or his ancestor usually by the addition of a prefix or suffix.





76. 77.	castellated ebullience	(adjective) (noun)	built or formed like a castle. high spirits : enthusiasm.
78.	Hebrides	(geographical entry)	islands of western Scotland in the Atlantic.
79.	phosphine	(noun)	a colorless very poisonous gaseous compound that may ignite spontaneously when mixed with air or oxygen and that is a weaker base than ammonia.
80.	nautilus	(noun)	any of several cephalopod mollusks of the southern Pacific and Indian Oceans with a spiral chambered shell that is pearly on the inside.
81.	outré	(adjective)	not conforming to conventional behavior, custom or style : bizarre, extravagant.
82.	pterodactyl	(noun)	any of numerous extinct flying reptiles having no feathers, a wing membrane, and a tail usually rather short but sometimes expanded and resembling a rudder.
83.	aspidistra	(noun)	any plant of a genus of Asian herbs with large pointed leaves and flowers in sets of four borne close to the ground.
84.	chevalier	(noun)	a member of the lowest rank of a French order of merit.
85.	toccata	(noun)	a brilliant musical composition usually for pipe organ or harpsichord, in free fantasia style, and usually with many equal-timed notes in rapid movement.
86.	rheumatic	(adjective)	of or relating to any of numerous conditions characterized by inflammation or pain in muscles, joints or fibrous tissue.
87.	tumulus	(noun)	a small artificial hill or mound (as over a grave).
88.	gendarme	(noun)	a European police officer, especially one from France.
89.	malacca	(noun)	the often spotted, slender woody stem of an Asian rattan palm used especially for walking sticks and umbrella handles.
90.	Huguenot	(noun)	a French Protestant in the 16th and 17th centuries.
91.	hors de combat	(adjective)	out of action : in a disabled condition.
92.	phrenologists	(plural noun)	those versed in the study of the shape of the skull based on the belief that it indicates a person's mental faculties and character.
93.	reveille	(noun)	a signal usually sounded by bugle at about sunrise summoning soldiers or sailors to the day's duties.
94.	ague	(noun)	a fever resembling malaria marked by sudden attacks of chills, fever and sweating that recur at regular intervals.
95.	netsuke	(noun)	a small object carved in wood or ivory or made of metal used by the Japanese as a toggle to fasten a small pouch or purse to the kimono sash.
96.	recherché	(adjective)	of highest quality : exquisite.
97.	supererogation	(noun)	the act of performing more than is necessary to complete an undertaking.





98.	au fait	(adjective)	familiar : fully informed : in touch.
99.	wallah or walla	(noun)	a person who is associated with a particular type of work or who performs
			a specific duty or service.
100.	a posteriori	(adjective)	of or relating to what cannot be known except from experience : proved by induction from facts obtained by observation or experiment.